

# Index ▶ Volume 1, 2013, Optometry and Visual Performance

## Subject Index

- AAO. See American Academy of Ophthalmology; American Academy of Optometry
- AAP. See American Academy of Pediatrics
- abducens nerve palsy
- Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- aberrations
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- academic achievement
- A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- ACBO. See Australasian College of Behavioural Optometrists
- accommodation
- The effect of low plus lenses on reading rate and comprehension, 2:59–61
- The effect of orthokeratology on accommodative and convergence function, 5:162–167
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- acquired brain injury. See brain injury
- ADHD. See attention deficit disorder with hyperactivity
- Alzheimer's disease
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- amblyopia
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- American Academy of Ophthalmology
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- American Academy of Optometry
- Everyone needs a work spouse or twol, 4:116
- American Academy of Pediatrics
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- American Optometric Association
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- American Physical Therapy Association
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- ametropia
- A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- amphetamines
- ADHD: a parent's perspective, 3:80–81
- antipsychotic drugs
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- AOA. See American Optometric Association
- APTA. See American Physical Therapy Association
- articles
- Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- The effect of low plus lenses on reading rate and comprehension, 2:59–61
- The effect of orthokeratology on accommodative and convergence function, 5:162–167
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- Visual sequential memory and the effect of luminance contrast, 4:137–140
- Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- ASD. See autism spectrum disorders
- attention. See visual attention
- attention deficit disorder with hyperactivity
- ADHD: a parent's perspective, 3:80–81
- audition. See hearing
- Australasian College of Behavioural Optometrists
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- A labor of love, 1:7
- author guidelines
- Guidelines for authors, 1:4–6
- autism spectrum disorders
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- autorefracton. See also refraction
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- awareness. See peripheral awareness
- BABO. See Baltimore Academy for Behavioral Optometry
- balance
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Baltimore Academy for Behavioral Optometry
- ICBO: a coming together of international behavioral optometry, 5:160
- Bartuccio, M.
- Everyone needs a work spouse or twol, 4:116
- base out fusion. See convergence
- behavioral optometry. See also optometry
- [College of Optometrists in Vision Development Annual Meeting (43rd; Orlando, Florida; 2013) list of poster and paper presentations], 6:217–220
- ICBO: a coming together of international behavioral optometry, 5:160
- binocular vision disorders
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- black on white (reverse contrast)
- Visual sequential memory and the effect of luminance contrast, 4:137–140
- blindness. See also visually handicapped
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- blur adaptation
- Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- BO fusion. See convergence
- botulinum toxin
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- brain. See cerebellum; parietal lobe
- brain injury
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- case studies
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- cerebellum
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- children
- Optometry, pediatric eye care, and vision therapy in Nepal, 6:196

- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- choking (sports performance)
- Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- chromatic aberration.  
See aberrations
- CITT. See Convergence Insufficiency Treatment Trial
- CN III palsy. See oculomotor nerve palsy
- CN IV palsy. See trochlear nerve palsy
- CN VI palsy. See abducens nerve palsy
- College of Optometrists in Vision Development  
Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- A labor of love, 1:7
- College of Optometrists in Vision Development Annual Meeting (43rd; Orlando, Florida; 2013)  
[List of poster and paper presentations], 6:217–220
- color filters. See lenses, tinted
- communication skills
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- computer vision syndrome
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- concussion. See brain injury
- conferences and congresses  
[College of Optometrists in Vision Development Annual Meeting (43rd; Orlando, Florida; 2013) list of poster and paper presentations], 6:217–220
- ICBO: a coming together of international behavioral optometry, 5:160
- congenital disorders  
Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- contact lenses for myopia control.  
See orthokeratology
- contrast
- Visual sequential memory and the effect of luminance contrast, 4:137–140
- convergence  
The effect of orthokeratology on accommodative and convergence function, 5:162–167
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- convergence insufficiency  
Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- Convergence Insufficiency Treatment Trial
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- cornea
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- COVID. See College of Optometrists in Vision Development
- cranial nerve palsy. See palsy
- crowding phenomenon
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- CVS. See computer vision syndrome
- cycloplegia  
The myth of a cycloplegic refraction, 1:9–10
- The usefulness of cycloplegic retinoscopy, 1:8–9
- death  
A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- Developmental Eye Movement Test  
The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- diet  
ADHD: a parent's perspective, 3:80–81
- diffuse axonal injury. See brain injury
- diplopia  
Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- diplopia, physiological  
Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- discretionary plus lenses.  
See lenses, plus
- divergent squint. See strabismus
- doctor-patient relationship. See physician-patient relationship
- driving  
Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- drugs  
ADHD: a parent's perspective, 3:80–81
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- dyslexia. See also reading
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- dystonia, focal. See focal dystonia
- dystopia canthorum  
Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- editorials  
ADHD: a parent's perspective, 3:80–81
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- Everyone needs a work spouse or two!, 4:116  
[Everyone needs a work spouse or two! Letter to the editor and response], 6:197
- ICBO: a coming together of international behavioral optometry, 5:160
- A labor of love, 1:7
- Optometry, pediatric eye care, and vision therapy in Nepal, 6:196
- education, optometric  
Optometry, pediatric eye care, and vision therapy in Nepal, 6:196
- electronic games. See video games
- electronic multisensory devices.  
See video games
- emotions  
A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- esotropia. See strabismus
- evidence-based practice  
Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- exotropia. See strabismus
- extinction  
Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- eye diseases  
Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- eye dominance  
Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- eye examination. See Optometric examination
- eye movement recording. See Visagraph Eye Movement Recording System
- falls  
Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- focal dystonia  
Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- food additives  
ADHD: a parent's perspective, 3:80–81
- Four Square Step Test  
Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- fourth cranial nerve palsy  
Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- FSST. See Four Square Step Test
- functional optometry. See behavioral optometry
- gait  
Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- games. See video games
- golf  
Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- Grand Seiko WAM 5500 autorefractor  
Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- Guitar Hero (game)  
The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- Gunnar Optiks computer spectacles  
Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- hallucinations  
Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- head trauma. See brain injury
- health care  
A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- health care records. See patient records
- hearing  
Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- hearing loss  
Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- hemianopia  
Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- homework  
Questioning the value of VT “homework,” 5:169–170
- Howell profiles  
The effect of orthokeratology on accommodative and convergence function, 5:162–167
- hyperactivity. See attention deficit disorder with hyperactivity

- hyperopia control
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- hypertropia
- Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- hypopigmentation. See pigmentary anomalies
- ICBO. See International Congress of Behavioural Optometry
- illness (psychological aspects)
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- International Congress of Behavioural Optometry (7th; Birmingham, England; 2014)
- ICBO: a coming together of international behavioral optometry, 5:160
- intraocular pressure
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- iris heterochromia
- Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- journals. See periodicals
- juvenile delinquents
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- keratitis, microbial
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- learning
- Office vision therapy activities at home are a necessary part of the program, 5:168–169
- Questioning the value of VT “homework,” 5:169–170
- learning and vision. See vision and learning
- learning disabilities. See dyslexia
- lenses, plus
- The effect of low plus lenses on reading rate and comprehension, 2:59–61
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- lenses, tinted
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- letters to the editor [Everyone needs a work spouse or two! Letter to the editor and response], 6:197
- Life Gear Glow Sticks
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- lisdexamfetamine dimesylate. See Vyvanse
- literature reviews
- A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- low vision. See also visually handicapped
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- low vision aids
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- macular diseases
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- magnocellular visual system
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- MCT. See Modified Clinical Technique
- medical care. See health care
- medical records. See patient records
- mental illness
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- microbial keratitis. See keratitis, microbial
- mild brain injury. See brain injury
- mobility
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Modified Clinical Technique
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- multisensory integration. See sensory integration
- myopia
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- myopia control
- The effect of orthokeratology on accommodative and convergence function, 5:162–167
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- narrative medicine
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- nearpoint plus. See lenses, plus
- nearpoint stress. See also Stress
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- nearsightedness. See myopia
- neglect. See visual neglect
- Nepal
- Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Optometry, pediatric eye care, and vision therapy in Nepal, 6:196
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Neuro Optometric Rehabilitation Association
- ICBO: a coming together of international behavioral optometry, 5:160
- NeuroCom Balance Masterä Sensory Organization Test
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Neuroplasticity
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- neurorehabilitation. See also vision rehabilitation
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Neuro-Vision Rehabilitator
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Nintendo Wii
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- NORA. See Neuro Optometric Rehabilitation Association
- Nova Southeastern University
- Everyone needs a work spouse or two!, 4:116
- NVR. See Neuro-Vision Rehabilitator
- ocular pathology. See eye diseases
- Oculinum. See botulinum toxin
- oculomotor nerve palsy
- Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- OEP. See Optometric Extension Program Foundation
- ophthalmology
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- optical aberrations. See aberrations
- optometric education. See education, optometric
- optometric examination
- The myth of a cycloplegic refraction, 1:9–10
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- The usefulness of cycloplegic retinoscopy, 1:8–9
- Optometric Extension Program Foundation
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- ICBO: a coming together of international behavioral optometry, 5:160
- A labor of love, 1:7
- optometric literature. See also literature reviews
- Guidelines for authors, 1:4–6
- A labor of love, 1:7
- optometric patients
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- optometric practice
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- optometric rehabilitation. See vision rehabilitation
- optometrists
- [Everyone needs a work spouse or two! Letter to the editor and response], 6:197
- optometry. See also behavioral optometry
- Optometry, pediatric eye care, and vision therapy in Nepal, 6:196
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- Optometry & Visual Performance
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- Guidelines for authors, 1:4–6
- A labor of love, 1:7
- orthokeratology
- The effect of orthokeratology on accommodative and convergence function, 5:162–167
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- orthoptics. See vision therapy

- OVP. See Optometry & Visual Performance
- PA. See phonological awareness
- palsy
- Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- parallel charting
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- paranoia
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- parietal lobe
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Parkinson's disease
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- parvocellular visual system
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- patient communication
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- patient records
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- perceptual learning
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- periodicals
- Guidelines for authors, 1:4–6
- A labor of love, 1:7
- peripheral awareness
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- personality disorders
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- phonological awareness
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- physician-patient relationship
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- pigmentary anomalies
- Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- plus lenses. See lenses, plus
- Point/Counterpoint
- Cycloplegia, 1:8–10
- The myth of a cycloplegic refraction, 1:9–10
- Office vision therapy activities at home are a necessary part of the program, 5:168–169
- Questioning the value of VT “homework,” 5:169–170
- The usefulness of cycloplegic retinoscopy, 1:8–9
- Vision therapy at home, 5:168–170
- post trauma vision syndrome
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- prefrontal cortex
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- preschool children
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Press Lites
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- prisms
- Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- psychological pressure. See stress
- PTVS. See post trauma vision syndrome
- pupil
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- putting
- Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- reaction time
- Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- ReadAlyzer
- The effect of low plus lenses on reading rate and comprehension, 2:59–61
- reading
- The effect of low plus lenses on reading rate and comprehension, 2:59–61
- A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- refraction. See also autorefraction
- The myth of a cycloplegic refraction, 1:9–10
- refractive errors. See ametropia
- retinal defocus
- Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- retinitis pigmentosa
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- retinoscopy
- The usefulness of cycloplegic retinoscopy, 1:8–9
- schizophrenia
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- Schnell, P.
- Everyone needs a work spouse or two!, 4:116
- school performance. See academic achievement
- school-based vision care
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- scleral buckle surgery
- Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- SCO. See Southern College of Optometry
- sensory integration
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Sensory Organization Test. See NeuroCom Balance Master<sup>®</sup> Sensory Organization Test
- sixth nerve palsy. See abducens nerve palsy
- SOT. See NeuroCom Balance Master<sup>®</sup> Sensory Organization Test
- Southern College of Optometry
- Everyone needs a work spouse or two!, 4:116
- specific reading disability. See dyslexia
- strabismus
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- stress. See also nearpoint stress
- Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- superior oblique palsy. See trochlear nerve palsy
- sustained visual processing. See visual processing
- Taub, M. B.
- Everyone needs a work spouse or two!, 4:116
- Taub, S.
- ADHD: a parent's perspective, 3:80–81
- TBI. See brain injury
- Test of Visual Perceptual Skills
- Visual sequential memory and the effect of luminance contrast, 4:137–140
- third cranial nerve palsy. See oculomotor nerve palsy
- tints. See lenses, tinted
- transient visual processing. See visual processing
- traumatic brain injury. See brain injury
- trochlear nerve palsy
- Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- TVPS. See Test of Visual Perceptual Skills
- vertical deviation. See hypertropia
- video games
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- Visagraph Eye Movement Recording System
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- vision and learning
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- vision care
- Optometry, pediatric eye care, and vision therapy in Nepal, 6:196
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- vision disorders
- A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207

- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- vision examination. See optometric examination
- vision rehabilitation
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- vision screening
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- vision therapy
- Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- [College of Optometrists in Vision Development Annual Meeting (43rd; Orlando, Florida; 2013) list of poster and paper presentations], 6:217–220
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- Office vision therapy activities at home are a necessary part of the program, 5:168–169
- Optometry, pediatric eye care, and vision therapy in Nepal, 6:196
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- Questioning the value of VT “homework,” 5:169–170
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- visual acuity
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- visual attention
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- visual disorders. See vision disorders
- visual fields
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- visual information processing. See visual processing
- visual integration. See sensory integration
- visual memory
- Visual sequential memory and the effect of luminance contrast, 4:137–140
- visual neglect
- Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- visual pathways
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- visual perception
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- Visual Performance Today
- A labor of love, 1:7
- visual processing
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- visual reaction time. See reaction time
- visual recall. See visual memory
- visual sequential memory. See visual memory
- visual training. See vision therapy
- visually handicapped
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- VP Today. See Visual Performance Today
- Vyvanse
- ADHD: a parent’s perspective, 3:80–81
- Waardenburg syndrome
- Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- Walking Speed Test
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Wayne Saccadic Fixator
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- white on black (standard contrast)
- Visual sequential memory and the effect of luminance contrast, 4:137–140
- WHO. See World Health Organization
- Wii Sports (game)
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- World Health Organization
- Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- WSE. See Wayne Saccadic Fixator
- yellow tints
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- yips
- Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- Campbell, E. J.
- Orthokeratology: an update, 1:11–18
- Chang, A.
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Ciuffreda, K. J.
- Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- Cohen, A. H.
- Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- College of Optometrists in Vision Development Annual Meeting (43rd; Orlando, Florida; 2013)
- [List of poster and paper presentations], 6:217–220
- Dovorany, K. N. See Napier-Dovorany, K.
- Ferris, L.
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- Gautam, P.
- Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- Glass, M.
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- Gould, J. A.
- Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- Graham, V.
- Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Han, M. H. E.
- Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- Harris, P.
- The effect of low plus lenses on reading rate and comprehension, 2:59–61
- Hayes, J. R.
- Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- Hebert, S.
- The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57

## Author Index

- Adhikari, P.
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Adhikari, S.
- Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Arthur, B.
- Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136
- Bampton, M.
- Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- Bazin, B.
- [Letter to the editor], 6:197
- Bennett, H.
- A vision in narrative medicine, 5:175–184
- Bhandari, G.
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Optometry, pediatric eye care, and vision therapy in Nepal, 6:196
- Boulet, C.
- Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- Brand, P.
- The effect of orthokeratology on accommodative and convergence function, 5:162–167

- Hung, G. K.  
Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- Ismail, R. S.  
Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- Iyer, J.  
The effect of low plus lenses on reading rate and comprehension, 2:59–61
- Kapoor, N.  
Top-down visual framework for optometric vision therapy for those with traumatic brain injury, 2:48–53
- Khanal, S.  
Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- Kitchener, G.  
Questioning the value of VT “homework,” 5:169–170
- Kundart, J.  
Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- Lakshminarayanan, V.  
Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- Lama, P.  
Profile of low vision population attending low vision clinic in a peripheral eye hospital in Nepal, 6:208–212
- Laudon, R. C.  
The myth of a cycloplegic refraction, 1:9–10
- Maino, D. M.  
Blueberries, bagels, and gravity, 2:44–47
- A labor of love, 1:7
- Maki, Y.  
Optometric management of persistent diplopia status post scleral buckle surgery, 5:171–174
- Menezes, M.  
Office vision therapy activities at home are a necessary part of the program, 5:168–169
- Napier-Dovorany, K.  
Evaluating fall risk in people with low vision, 3:93–99
- Neiberg, M. N.  
Patients with paranoid symptoms, 3:100–104
- Neupane, S.  
Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Ng, J. S.  
Visual sequential memory and the effect of luminance contrast, 4:137–140
- Paudel, N.  
Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Waardenburg syndrome, 6:213–216
- Piquette, N.  
Visual impediments to learning, 4:118–128
- Press, L. J.  
Press Lites—procedures for visual field awareness, 2:62–67
- Rajaram, V.  
Visual attentional deficits in reading disability, 4:141–147
- Shahid, M.  
Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- Sharma, A. K.  
Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- Sheedy, J. E.  
Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- Shrestha, G. S.  
Clinical profile of extraocular muscle palsy, 6:198–201
- Ocular morbidity in children with autism, 1:19–24
- Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Shrestha, J. B.  
Screening preschool children for visual disorders, 6:202–207
- Simon, J.  
The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- Smith, D.  
The usefulness of cycloplegic retinoscopy, 1:8–9
- Sridhar, A.  
Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- Tai, Y.  
Effects on accommodation and symptoms of yellow-tinted, low plus lenses, 3:88–92
- Tanikella, D.  
Experimental simulation of the yips for the 3-ft putt, 3:82–87
- Taub, M. B.  
ADHD: a parent’s perspective, 3:80–81
- Everyone needs a work spouse or two!, 4:116
- [Everyone needs a work spouse or two! Response to letter to the editor], 6:197
- ICBO: a coming together of international behavioral optometry, 5:160
- A labor of love, 1:7
- Thurston, A.  
A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Thurston, M.  
A literature review of refractive error and its potential effect on reading attainment in the early years of school, 1:25–31
- Wrubel, D.  
The effectiveness of electronic multisensory devices vs. classic optometric vision therapy procedures, 2:54–57
- Yadav, N. K.  
Retinal defocus and eye dominance effect on eye-hand reaction time, 4:129–136

*Compiled by*

Jane Paula Plass, OD  
2N181 Addison Road  
Villa Park, IL 601281-1168

**Save the Date!**



# MOTOR TRAINING

## within Optometric Vision Therapy

**Saturday, May 31 - Sunday, June 1, 2014**

Comprehensive 2-Day Seminar  
12 Hours Continuing Education

**INSTRUCTOR:**

Caroline M. F. Hurst BSc FCOptom FBABO

**LOCATION:**

Metro Seattle, Washington

Watch the OEP online calendar for details and registration information